# BEFORE THE UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION III

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In the Matter of:

Nim Moore

8603 Harts Creek Road Harts, WV 25524

Respondent,

: U.S. EPA Docket Number RCRA-03-2015-0226

Eddy's Carry Out :

Route 10

Ferrelsburg, WV 25524

Facility Id. No. 2-208423

Facility.

## I. INTRODUCTION

This Administrative Complaint, Compliance Order and Notice of Opportunity for Hearing ("Complaint") is issued pursuant to the authority vested in the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA" or the "Agency") by Section 9006 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, commonly referred to as the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, as amended by the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 1984 (collectively "RCRA"), 42 U.S.C. § 6991e, and the Consolidated Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative Assessment of Civil Penalties and the Revocation/Termination or Suspension of Permits, 40 C.F.R. Part 22 ("Consolidated Rules of Practice"), a copy of which is enclosed with this Complaint (Enclosure "A").

The Director of the Land and Chemicals Division of U.S. EPA Region III ("Complainant"), hereby notifies Nim Moore ("Respondent") that EPA has reason to believe that Respondent has violated Subtitle I of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. §§ 6991et seq. and the State of West Virginia's federally authorized underground storage tank program with respect to the underground storage tanks at Respondent's facility known as Eddy's Carry Out also known as Fast Eddy's located at Route 10, Fellersburg, West Virginia (the "Facility"). Section 9006 of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 6991e, authorizes EPA to take enforcement action, including issuing a compliance order or assessing a civil penalty, whenever it is determined that a person is in violation of any requirement of RCRA Subtitle I, EPA's regulations thereunder, or any regulation of a state underground storage tank program which has been approved by EPA.

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REGIONAL REPRESENTATION

On February 10, 1998 pursuant to Section 9004 of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 6991c, and 40 C.F.R. Part 281, Subpart A, the State of West Virginia was granted final approval to administer a state underground storage tank management program *in lieu* of the Federal underground storage tank management program established under Subtitle I of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. §§6991 et seq. The approval of West Virginia's underground storage tank program became effective on February 10, 1998. The provisions of West Virginia's EPA-approved underground storage tank program regulations, set forth in West Virginia's Underground Storage Tank Regulations ("WVUSTR"), which incorporate by reference the federal underground storage tank program regulations set forth at 40 C.F.R. Part 280 (1995 ed.), have become requirements of Subtitle I of RCRA and are, accordingly, enforceable by EPA pursuant to Section 9006 of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 6991e. A copy of the EPA-approved WVUSTR, Parts 33-30-1 through 33-30-4.6, and the federal underground storage tank program regulations, 40 C.F.R. Part 280 (1995 ed.), are enclosed with this Complaint (Enclosure B). The EPA-approved West Virginia underground storage tank regulations are cited as the legal basis for EPA's Complaint along with the incorporated provisions of the federal regulations.

Section 9006(d) of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 6991e(d), authorizes EPA to assess a civil penalty against any owner or operator of an underground storage tank who fails to comply with, *inter alia*, any requirement or standard promulgated under Section 9003 of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 6991b (40 C.F.R. Part 280) or any requirement or standard of a State underground storage tank program that has been approved by EPA pursuant to Section 9004 of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 6991c.

EPA has given the State of West Virginia notice of the issuance of this Complaint in accordance with Section 9006(a)(2) of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 6991e(a)(2).

In support of this Complaint, the Complainant makes the following allegations, findings of fact and conclusions of law:

# II. <u>COMPLAINT</u> <u>Allegations, Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law</u>

Complainant makes the following allegations, findings of fact and conclusions of law:

- 1. The United States Environmental Protection Agency's Office of Administrative Law Judges has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to RCRA Section 9006(a) and (d), 42 U.S.C. § 6991e(a) and (d), and 40 C.F.R. §§ 22.1(a)(4) and 22.4(c).
- 2. Nim Moore, is a "person" as defined by WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.1 (40 C.F.R. § 280.12), and Section 9001(5) of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 6991(5).
- 3. Nim Moore is and/or was, the "operator" and/or the "owner" of "underground storage tanks" ("USTs"), as these terms are defined in Sections 9001(3), 9001(4),

- and 9001(10) of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. §§ 6991(3), 6991(4), and 6991(10), respectively, and WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.1 (40 C.F.R. § 280.12) located at the Facility.
- 4. On July 9, 2012, an EPA representative conducted an inspection of the Facility pursuant to Section 9005 of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 6991d.
- 5. At the time of the July 9, 2012 inspection, and at all times relevant hereto, two (2) USTs, as described in the following subparagraphs, were located at the Facility:
  - A. a six thousand (6,000) gallon steel tank that was installed in or about 1986 and that, at all times relevant hereto, routinely contained gasoline, a "regulated substance" as that term is defined in WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.1 (40 C.F.R. § 280.12) (hereinafter "UST No. 1"); and
  - B. a four thousand (4,000) gallon steel tank that was installed in or about 1986 and that, at all times relevant hereto, routinely contained gasoline, a "regulated substance" as that term is defined in WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.1 (40 C.F.R. § 280.12) (hereinafter "UST No. 2").
- 6. USTs Nos. 1 and 2, referenced in the immediately preceding Paragraph, are "tanks," "underground storage tanks or USTs," "petroleum UST systems" and "existing tank systems" as defined in WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.1 (40 C.F.R. § 280.12).
- 7. USTs Nos. 1 and 2 were, at all times relevant to this Complaint, used to store and routinely contained "regulated substance(s)" at Respondent's Facility, as defined in Section 9001(7) of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 6991(7), and WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.1 (40 C.F.R. § 280.12).
- 8. Pursuant to RCRA Section 9005, 42 U.S.C. § 6991d, on January 29, 2013, EPA issued an Information Request to Respondent concerning its petroleum UST systems at the Facility.

### **COUNT 1**

(Failure to operate and maintain corrosion protection system continuously on USTs Nos. 1 and 2)

- 9. The allegations of Paragraphs 1 through 8 of this Complaint are incorporated herein by reference.
- 10. WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R § 280.31, provides that all owners and operators of steel UST systems with corrosion protection shall comply with certain requirements to ensure that releases

- due to corrosion are prevented for as long as the UST system is used to store regulated substances.
- 11. WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1 which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R § 280.31(a) provides that all corrosion protection systems shall be operated and maintained to continuously provide corrosion protection to the metal components of that portion of the tank and piping that routinely contain regulated substances and are in contact with the ground.
- 12. USTs Nos. 1 and 2 are and were, at the time of the violations alleged herein, steel UST systems with impressed current corrosion protection system within the meaning of WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R § 280.31.
- 13. At the time of the July 9, 2012 inspection, Respondent's impressed current corrosion protection system was turned off or did not have electrical power as required by the manufacturer's instructions to operate and maintain corrosion protection of the steel UST systems at the Facility: USTs Nos. 1 and 2.
- 14. From at least July 9, 2012 until at least July 30, 2015, Respondent failed to continuously provide corrosion protection to the metal components of the steel UST systems of USTs Nos. 1 and 2 and piping that routinely contain regulated substances and are in contact with the ground as required by WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R § 280.31(a).
- 15. Respondent's act and/or omission as alleged in Paragraph 14, above, constitute violations by Respondent of WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R § 280.31(a).

#### **COUNT 2**

(Failure to Provide Financial Assurance)

- 16. The allegations in Paragraphs 1 through 15, above, are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 17. WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1 incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. §§ 280.90 through 280.112, which provide, in pertinent part, that owners and operators of petroleum UST systems are required, with exceptions not relevant hereto, to demonstrate financial responsibility for taking corrective action and for compensating third parties for bodily injury and property damage caused by accidental releases arising from the operation of petroleum UST systems. Subject to the limitations set forth in 40 C.F.R. § 280.94, incorporated by reference into WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, an owner or operator may demonstrate financial responsibility using any of the mechanisms set forth in 40 C.F.R. §§ 280.95 through 280.103.

- 18. From at least July 9, 2012 until at least July 30, 2015, Respondent did not demonstrate financial responsibility for USTs Nos. 1 and 2 by any of the methods set forth in 40 C.F.R.§§ 280.95 through 280.103, incorporated by reference into WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1.
- 19. Respondent's acts and/or omissions as alleged in Paragraph 18, above, constitute a violation by Respondent of WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1.

#### **COUNT 3**

(Failure to permanently close USTs Nos. 1 and 2)

- 20. The allegations in Paragraphs 1 through 19, above, are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 21. WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. § 280.70, owners and operators of an UST system that is temporarily closed for more than 12 months must permanently close the UST system in accordance with WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. § 280.71, if it does not meet either the performance standards in WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. § 280.20, for new UST systems or the upgrading requirements for existing UST systems in WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. § 280.21, with exceptions not relevant to this case.
- 22. Pursuant to WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. § 280.71(b), in order to permanently close a tank, the owner or operator must empty and clean the tank by removing all liquids and accumulated sludges from such tank, and remove the tank from the ground or filled with an inert solid material.
- 23. On or before July 9, 2012, USTs Nos. 1 and 2 at the Facility were placed into temporary closure within the meaning of WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. § 280.70.
- 24. From at least July 9, 2012 until at least July 30, 2015, USTs Nos. 1 and 2 at the Facility did not meet the performance standards in WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. § 280.20 for new UST systems or the upgrading requirements for existing UST systems in WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. § 280.21 for USTs Nos. 1 and 2.
- 25. By July 10, 2013, the USTs Nos. 1 and 2 at the Facility were required to be permanently closed in accordance with WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. § 280.71.

- 26. Upon information and belief, from at least July 10, 2013 until at least the filing of this Complaint, Respondent did not remove USTs Nos. 1 and 2 from the Facility from the ground or fill such steel tanks with an inert solid material and thus did not permanently close the steel tanks as required by WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. § 280.71.
- 27. Respondent's acts and/or omissions as alleged in Paragraph 26, above, constitute a violation by Respondent of WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. § 280.71.

#### III. COMPLIANCE ORDER

Pursuant to Section 9006 of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 6991e, Respondent is hereby ordered to:

- 28. Within forty-five (45) days of the effective date of this Compliance Order, (i) complete measures to ensure that the corrosion protection systems for USTs Nos. 1 and 2 are operated and maintained in accordance with WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. § 280.31(a), (ii) ensure that the corrosion protection system for USTs Nos. 1 and 2 are tested for proper operation by a qualified cathodic protection tester in accordance with WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. § 280.31(b)(1) and 280.31(b)(2), and (iii) demonstrate compliance with the financial assurance requirements in accordance with WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. §§ 280.90 through 280.112, for USTs Nos. 1 and 2 at the Facility or complete permanent closure of such USTs in accordance with WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. §§ 280.71 and 280.72.
- 29. If Respondent elects to complete permanent closure any or all of the USTs subject to this Compliance Order, Respondent must submit to WVDEQ, within fifteen (15) days after the effective date of this Compliance Order, a notice of intent to complete permanent closure, identifying which UST(s) Respondent intends to permanently close. Such notice shall be sent to Ruth Porter, WVDEQ, at the address set forth below. A copy of such notice shall also be sent to Gary Morton, EPA, and Louis F. Ramalho, EPA, at the address set forth below.
- 30. Before permanent closure is completed by Respondent in connection with this Compliance Order, Respondent must measure for the presence of a release where contamination is most likely to be present at the UST site as required by WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. § 280.72(a). Pursuant to WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. § 280.72(b), if contaminated soils, contaminated ground water, or free product, as a liquid or vapor is discovered under WVUSTR Section

33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. § 280.72(a), or by any other manner, Respondent must begin corrective action pursuant to the applicable regulations in WVUSTR Section 33-30-2.2.1, which incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. Part 280, Subpart F.

- 31. Within sixty (60) days of the effective date of this Compliance Order, submit to EPA a report which documents and certifies Respondent's compliance with the terms of this Compliance Order.
- 32. Any notice, report, certification, data presentation, or other document submitted by Respondent pursuant to this Compliance Order which discusses, describes, demonstrates, supports any finding or makes any representation concerning Respondent's compliance or noncompliance with any requirement of this Compliance Order shall be certified by the Respondent.

The certification required above shall be in the following form:

I certify that the information contained in or accompanying this [type of submission] is true, accurate, and complete. As to [the/those] identified portions of this [type of submission] for which I cannot personally verify [its/their] accuracy, I certify under penalty of law that this [type of submission] and all attachments were prepared in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fines and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Signature:	
Name:	
Title:	

33. All documents and reports to be submitted pursuant to this Compliance Order shall be sent by regular mail to the following person:

Ruth M. Porter
UST Program Manager
WV Department of Environmental Protection
601 57th Street SE
Charleston, WV 25304
Telephone; 304-926-0499 ext. 1007
Env. 204-026-0457

Fax: 304-926-0457 Ruth.M.Porter@wv.gov One copy of all documents submitted to EPA shall also be sent by regular mail to the attention of:

Gary Morton RCRA Compliance and Enforcement Branch (3LC70) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency - Region III 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

and

Louis F. Ramalho Sr. Assistant Regional Counsel (3RC30) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency - Region III 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

- 34. Respondent is hereby notified that failure to comply with any of the terms of this Compliance Order may subject it to imposition of a civil penalty of up to \$37,500 for each day of continued noncompliance, pursuant to Section 9006(a)(3) of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 6991e(a)(3), the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996 ("DCIA"), and the subsequent Civil Monetary Penalty Inflation Adjustment Rules, 61 Fed. Reg. 69360 (December 31, 1996) and 69 Fed. Reg. 7121, 7126 (February 13, 2004), codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 19. (Enclosure "D" and "E").
- 35. The term "days" as used herein shall mean calendar days unless specified otherwise.

### IV. PROPOSED CIVIL PENALTY

Section 9006(d)(2) of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 6991e(d)(2), provides, in relevant part, that any owner or operator of an underground storage tank who fails to comply with any requirement or standard promulgated by EPA under Section 9003 of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 6991b, or that is part of an approved state underground storage tank program shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed \$16,000 for each tank for each day of violation. In accordance with the Adjustment of Civil Monetary Penalties for Inflation, promulgated pursuant to the Debt Collection

Improvement Act of 1996 and codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 19, all violations of RCRA Section 9006(d)(2), 42 U.S.C. § 6991e(d)(2), occurring on or after January 12, 2009 through December 6, 2013 are subject to a 1.4163% increase not to exceed \$16,000 per violation per day, and all violations of RCRA Section 9006(d)(2), 42 U.S.C. § 6991e(d)(2), occurring on or after December 6, 2013 are subject to a 1.4853% increase not to exceed \$16,000 per violation per day. For purposes of determining the amount of any penalty to be assessed, Section 9006(c) of

RCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 6991e(c), requires EPA to take into account the seriousness of the violation and any good faith efforts to comply with the applicable requirements.

Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.14(a)(4)(ii), Complainant is not proposing a specific penalty at this time, but will do so at a later date after an exchange of information has occurred. See 40 C.F.R. § 22.19(a)(4).

To develop a proposed penalty for the violations alleged in this Complaint, EPA will take into account the particular facts and circumstances of this case with specific reference to EPA's November 1990 <u>U.S. EPA Penalty Guidance for Violations of UST Regulations</u> ("UST Penalty Guidance") (Enclosure C), the <u>Adjustment of Civil Monetary Penalties for Inflation</u>, 40 C.F.R. Part 19 (Enclosure D), and the <u>Amendments to the U.S. EPA's Civil Penalty Policies to Account for Inflation</u> (Effective December 6, 2013) (Enclosure E). These policies provide a rational, consistent and equitable methodology for applying the statutory penalty factors enumerated above to particular cases. As a basis for calculating a specific penalty pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.19(a)(4), Complainant will also consider, among other factors, Respondent's ability to pay a civil penalty. The burden of raising and demonstrating an inability to pay rests with the Respondent. In addition, to the extent that facts and circumstances unknown to Complainant at the time of issuance of this Complaint become known after the Complaint is issued, such facts and circumstances may also be considered as a basis for adjusting a civil penalty.

This Complaint does not constitute a "demand" as that term is defined in the Equal Access to Justice Act, 28 U.S.C. § 2412. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.14(a)(4)(ii), an explanation of the number and severity of the violations alleged in this Complaint is set forth below.

### Failure to maintain corrosion protection system.

The "potential for harm" for this violation is "major." The purpose of corrosion protection testing is to ensure that releases due to corrosion are prevented for as long as the steel UST system is used to store regulated substances. Respondent failed to maintain corrosion protection system to ensure integrity of all the metal part of the USTs Nos. 1 and 2 at the Facility. Respondent's inaction posed a substantial actual or potential harm to human health and the environment in the event of a release into the environment.

The "extent of deviation" for this violation is "major." Failure to maintain corrosion protection of the USTs Nos. 1 and 2 at the Facility presents a substantial act of noncompliance with the goals of the UST program.

### Failure to comply with financial assurance requirements.

The "potential for harm" for this violation is "major." Financial assurances are a key element of the UST regulatory system, ensuring that there are adequate resources available to properly address any releases which have occurred or will occur in the future that may cause significant adverse effects to the environment.

The "extent of deviation" for this violation is "major." Under the UST Penalty Policy, the failure to provide financial assurances is a substantial deviation from the regulatory program.

## Failure to permanently close UST systems.

The "potential for harm" for this violation is "major." Respondent's failure to permanently close the USTs Nos. 1 and 2 at the Facility pose a substantial actual or potential harm to human health and the environment in the event of a release into the environment.

The "extent of deviation" for this violation is "major." Failure to permanently close the USTs Nos. 1 and 2 at the Facility presents a substantial from the regulatory program.

### V. NOTICE OF RIGHT TO REQUEST A HEARING

Respondent may request a hearing before an EPA Administrative Law Judge and at such hearing may contest any material fact upon which the Complaint is based, contest the appropriateness of the Compliance Order or proposed penalty, and/or assert that Respondent is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. To request a hearing, Respondent must file a written answer ("Answer") within thirty (30) days after service of this Complaint. The Answer should clearly and directly admit, deny or explain each of the factual allegations contained in this Complaint of which Respondent has any knowledge. Where Respondent has no knowledge of a particular factual allegation and so states, such a statement is deemed to be a denial of the allegation. The Answer should contain: (1) the circumstances or arguments which are alleged to constitute the grounds of any defense; (2) the facts which Respondent disputes; (3) the basis for opposing any proposed relief; and (4) a statement of whether a hearing is requested. All material facts not denied in the Answer will be considered to be admitted.

Failure of the Respondent to admit, deny or explain any material allegation in the Complaint shall constitute an admission by Respondent of such allegation. Failure to Answer may result in the filing of a Motion for Default Order and the possible issuance of a Default Order imposing the penalties proposed herein without further proceedings.

Any hearing requested and granted will be conducted in accordance with the Consolidated Rules, a copy of which has been enclosed with this Complaint (Enclosure "A"). Respondent must send any Answer and request for a hearing to the attention of:

Regional Hearing Clerk (3RC00) U.S. EPA Region III 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029. In addition, please send a copy of any Answer and/or request for a hearing to the attention of:

Louis F. Ramalho Sr. Assistant Regional Counsel U.S. EPA Region III 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029.

## VI. SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE

Complainant encourages settlement of this proceeding at any time after issuance of the Complaint if such settlement is consistent with the provisions and objectives of RCRA. Whether or not a hearing is requested, Respondent may request a settlement conference with the Complainant to discuss the allegations of the Complaint, and the amount of the proposed civil penalty. However, a request for a settlement conference does not relieve the Respondent of its responsibility to file a timely Answer.

In the event settlement is reached, its terms shall be expressed in a written Consent Agreement prepared by Complainant, signed by the parties, and incorporated into a Final Order signed by the Regional Administrator or his designee. The execution of such a Consent Agreement shall constitute a waiver of Respondent's right to contest the allegations of the Complaint and his right to appeal the proposed Final Order accompanying the Consent Agreement.

If you wish to arrange a settlement conference, please contact Louis F. Ramalho, Senior Assistant Regional Counsel, at (215) 814-2681 prior to the expiration of the thirty (30) day period following service of this Complaint. Once again, however, such a request for a settlement conference does not relieve Respondent of its responsibility to file Answer(s) within thirty (30) days following service of this Complaint.

Please note that the Quick Resolution settlement procedures set forth in 40 C.F.R. § 22.18 do not apply to this proceeding because the Complaint seeks a compliance order. See 40 C.F.R. § 22.18(a)(1).

# VII. <u>SEPARATION OF FUNCTIONS AND EX PARTE COMMUNICATIONS</u>

The following Agency officers, and the staffs thereof, are designated as the trial staff to represent the Agency as the party in this case: the Region III Office of Regional Counsel, the Region III Land and Chemicals Division, and the Office of the EPA Assistant Administrator for Enforcement and Compliance Assurance. Commencing from the date of issuance of this Complaint until issuance of a final agency decision in this case, neither the Administrator, members of the Environmental Appeals Board, Presiding Officer, Regional Administrator, nor Regional Judicial Officer, may have an *ex parte* communication with the trial staff or the merits of any issue involved in this proceeding. Please be advised that the Consolidated Rules prohibit

any ex parte discussion of the merits of a case with, among others, the Administrator, members of the Environmental Appeals Board, Presiding Officer, Judicial Officer, Regional Administrator, Regional Judicial Officer, or any other person who is likely to advise these officials on any decision in this proceeding after issuance of this Complaint.

Dated: 4.26.15

Land and Chemicals Division

U.S. EPA Region III

Enclosures:

A. Consolidated Rules of Practice, 40 C.F.R. Part 22

B. WVUSTR, Parts 33-30-1 through 33-30-4.6, and

40 C.F.R. Part 280 (1995ed.)

C. UST Penalty Guidance

D. <u>Civil Monetary Penalty Inflation Adjustment Rule</u>, 40 C.F.R. Part 19 E. <u>Amendments to the U.S. EPA's Civil Penalty Policies to Account for Inflation</u>

(Effective December 6, 2013)

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that, on September , 2015, the original and one true and correct copy of the foregoing Administrative Complaint, Compliance Order and Notice of Opportunity for Hearing ("Complaint") was hand-delivered to and filed with the Regional Hearing Clerk (3RC00), U.S. EPA Region III, 1650 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and that a true and correct copy of the Complaint and its enclosures was sent via UPS, signature confirmation requested upon the following:

Nim Moore

8603 Harts Creek Road

Louis F. Ramalho

Senior Assistant Regional Counsel

U.S. EPA - Region III

Counsel for Complainant